



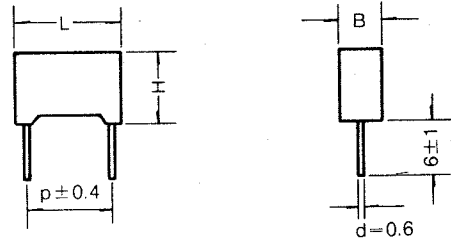
**METALLIZED POLYESTER FILM CAPACITOR**

**MOLDED BOX, NON-INDUCTIVE, METALLIZED FILM CAPACITORS, RADIAL LEAD**

**FEATURES**

- SEALED IN SPECIAL EXTERIOR RESIN CASES FOR SUPERIOR HEAT RESISTANCE, HUMIDITY RESISTANCE AND FLAME RETARDANT.
- SINGLE-ENDED CONSTRUCTION, UNIFORM DIMENSIONS, AND FIXED LEAD SPACING SIMPLIFY HAND INSERTION PROCEDURES.
- LOW SELF-INDUCTANCE, HIGH VOLTAGE STRESS CAPABILITY. IDEAL FOR IC DECOUPLING APPLICATIONS.

**$p=7.5\text{ mm}$**



All dimensions are in mm.

**GENERAL TECHNICAL DATA**

- Dielectric :**  
polyester film
- Plates :**  
aluminium layer deposited by evaporation under vacuum.
- Winding :**  
non-inductive type.
- Leads :**  
tinned wire(minimum lead content 5%).
- Protection :**  
Plastic case, epoxy resin filled. Box made of solvent resistant material.
- Marking :**  
capacitance. tolerance. DC nominal voltage.
- Climatic category :**  
FME DIN 40040 55/100/56 IEC 68-1
- Technical terms and tests :**  
IEC 384-2 CECC 30400 DIN 44110 T1 DIN 45910 T11.
- Detail specification :**  
CECC 30401-011.

**Reliability :**

LR DIN 40040
L = 300 FIT
R = 10 <sup>5</sup> hours

1 FIT = 1 × 10<sup>-9</sup> failures/components × h.  
Considering a practical application at +40°C and 0.5 × V<sub>n</sub> we can assume a failure quote of 4FIT.  
**Failure criteria**(according to DIN 44122):  
Short or open circuit  
Capacitance change ΔC/C : > ±10%  
Dissipation factor : < 2 × limit value  
Insulation resistance : < 0.005 × limit value

**ELECTRICAL DATA**

- Nominal voltage(V<sub>n</sub>) :**  
63Vdc-100Vdc-250Vdc-400Vdc-630Vdc.
- Category voltage(V<sub>c</sub>)**  
up to 85°C V<sub>c</sub> = V<sub>n</sub>  
For temperature between +85°C and +100°C a decreasing factor of 1.25% per degree°C on the nominal voltage V<sub>n</sub> has to be applied.
- Capacitance range :**  
1000pF to 1μF.
- Capacitance values :**  
values in compliance with IEC 63 Norm. E6 series.
- Capacitance tolerances(at 1KHz) :**  
±10% : ±20% : (upon request ±5%).
- Total self inductance : ≈ 8nH**
- Dissipation Factor(DF) :**  
tg δ × 10<sup>-4</sup> at +25°C ±5°C

KHz	tg δ × 10 <sup>-4</sup>
1	< 100
10	< 150

**Insulation resistance :**

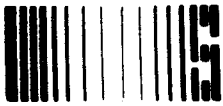
- Test conditions**  
Temperature : +25°C ± 5°C  
Voltage charge time : 1minute  
Voltage charge : 50Vdc for V<sub>n</sub> < 100Vdc  
100Cdc for V<sub>n</sub> > 100Vdc

- For V<sub>n</sub> > 100Vdc :  
> 30,000 MΩ (5.10<sup>4</sup> MΩ) (\*)  
For V<sub>n</sub> < 100 Vdc. :  
< 10,000 MΩ C < 0.1 μF (5.10<sup>4</sup> MΩ) (\*)  
> 1,000sec. for C < 0.1 (5000sec.) (\*)

**Test voltage between terminals :**  
1.6 × V<sub>n</sub> applied for 2sec. at +25°C ± 5°C

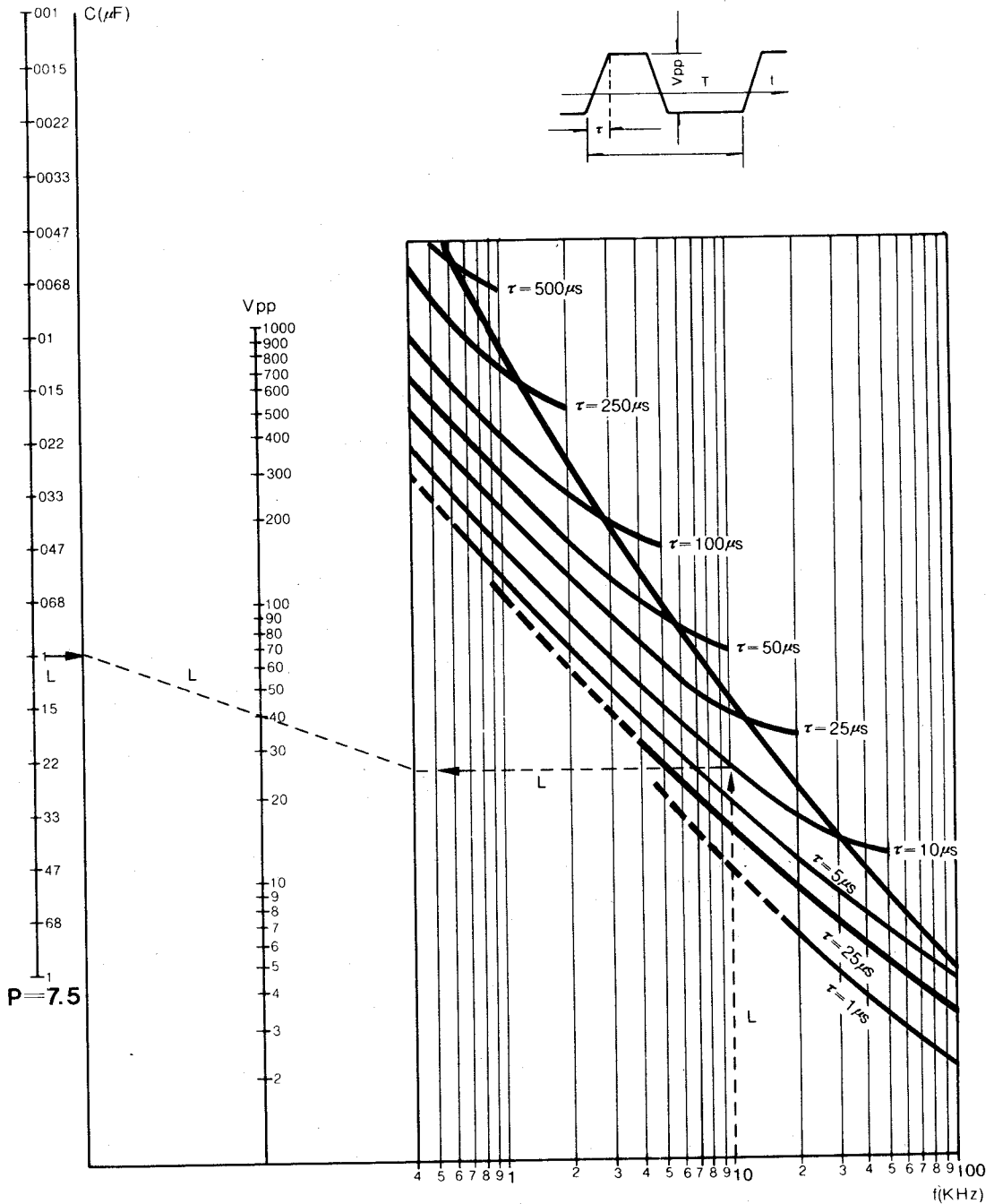
(\*) Typical value





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**NOMOGRAPH OF THE ADMISSIBLE PEAK VOLTAGE  $V_{pp}$  AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY AND  $\tau$**



**EXAMPLE**

Let us consider the following working data:  
 $f = 10\text{KHz}$  (Repetition frequency)  
 $\tau = 10\mu\text{sec}$  (Rise time)  
 a capacitor  $C = .1\mu\text{F}$   
 with  $p = 7.5\text{mm}$  (lead spacing)  
 The dashed line L identifies a max admissible

peak voltage of 40 Vpp.  
 If the result is lower than the requested voltage load another capacitor with bigger dimension and/or lead spacing has to be chosen.